## FURTHER CONCEPTS FOR ADVANCED MATHEMATICS, FP1 (4755) AS

## Objectives

To develop an understanding of the rigour and technical accuracy needed for more advanced study of mathematics.

## Assessment

Examination: (72 marks)
1 hour 30 minutes.
The examination paper has two sections.
Section A: $\quad$ 5-7 questions, each worth at most 8 marks. Section Total: 36 marks.

Section B: three questions, each worth about 12 marks. Section Total: 36 marks.

## Assumed Knowledge

Candidates are expected to know the content for $C 1$ and $C 2$.

## Subject Criteria

This unit is required for Advanced Subsidiary Further Mathematics. Candidates proceeding to Advanced GCE Further Mathematics will also need FP2.

The Units $C 1, C 2, C 3$ and $C 4$ are required for Advanced GCE Mathematics in order to ensure coverage of the subject criteria.

## Calculators

In the MEI Structured Mathematics specification, no calculator is allowed in the examination for $C 1$. For all other units, including this one, a graphical calculator is allowed.

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| Specification | Ref. | Competence Statements |


|  | COMPLEX NUMBERS |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Quadratic <br> equations. | FP1 11 | Be able to solve any quadratic equation with real coefficients. |
| Addition, <br> subtraction, <br> multiplication and <br> division of complex <br> numbers. | 2 | Understand the language of complex numbers. |

3 Be able to add, subtract, multiply and divide complex numbers given in the form: $x+y \mathrm{j}$, where $x$ and $y$ are real.

4 Know that a complex number is zero if and only if both the real and imaginary parts are zero.

| Application of <br> complex numbers <br> to the solution of <br> polynomial <br> equations with real <br> coefficients. | 5 | Know that the complex roots of real polynomial equations with real coefficients <br> occur in conjugate pairs. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 7 | Be able to solve equations of higher degree with real coefficients in simple cases. <br> Know how to represent complex numbers and their conjugates on an Argand <br> diagram. |
| 8 | Be able to represent the sum and difference of two complex numbers on an <br> Argand diagram. |  |
| Modulus-argument <br> form | 9 | Be able to represent a complex number in modulus-argument form. |

Simple loci in the
Argand diagram.

10 Be able to represent simple sets of complex numbers as loci in the Argand diagram.

## CURVE SKETCHING

Treatment and sketching of graphs of rational functions.

FP1C1 Be able to sketch the graph of $y=\mathrm{f}(x)$ obtaining information about symmetry, asymptotes parallel to the axes, intercepts with the co-ordinate axes, behaviour near $x=0$ and for numerically large $x$.

2 Be able to ascertain the direction from which a curve approaches an asymptote.
3 Be able to use a curve to solve an inequality.

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## PROOF

|  | PROOF |  |
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| Meaning of the <br> terms if, only if, <br> necessary and <br> sufficient. | FP1p1 | Be able to use the terms if, only if, necessary and sufficient correctly in any <br> appropriate context. |
| Identities. | 2 | Know the difference between an equation and an identity. |
| Proof by induction. | 4 | Be able to find unknown constants in an identity. |


|  |  | ALGEBRA |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Summation of <br> simple finite series. | FP1a1 | Know the difference between a sequence and a series. |
|  | 2 | Be able to sum a simple series. |
|  | 3 | Know the meaning of the word converge when applied to either a sequence or a <br> series. |
| The manipulation <br> of simple algebraic <br> inequalities. | 4 | Be able to manipulate simple algebraic inequalities, to deduce the solution of such <br> an inequality. |

Relations between
the roots and coefficients of quadratic, cubic and quartic equations.

5 Appreciate the relationship between the roots and coefficients of quadratic, cubic and quartic equations.

6 Be able to form a new equation whose roots are related to the roots of a given equation by a linear transformation.

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| MATRICES |  |  |
| Matrix addition and multiplication. | FPlm1 | Be able to add, subtract and multiply conformable matrices, and to multiply a matrix by a scalar. |
|  | 2 | Know the zero and identity matrices, and what is meant by equal matrices. |
|  | 3 | Know that matrix multiplication is associative but not commutative. |
| Linear transformations in a plane and their associated $2 \times 2$ matrices. | 4 | Be able to find the matrix associated with a linear transformation and vice-versa. |
| Combined transformations in a plane. | 5 | Understand successive transformations and the connection with matrix multiplication. |
| Invariance. | 6 | Understand the meaning of invariant points and lines of invariant points in a plane and how to find them. |
| Determinant of a matrix. | 7 | Be able to find the determinant of a $2 \times 2$ matrix. |
|  | 8 | Know that the determinant gives the area scale factor of the transformation, and understand the significance of a zero determinant. |
| The meaning of the inverse of a square matrix. | 9 | Understand what is meant by an inverse matrix. |
|  | 10 | Be able to find the inverse of a non-singular $2 \times 2$ matrix. |
| The product rule for inverses. | 11 | Appreciate the product rule for inverse matrices. |
| Solution of equations. | 12 | Know how to use matrices to solve linear equations. |
|  | 13 | In the case of 2 linear equations in 2 unknowns, be able to give a geometrical interpretation of a case where the matrix is singular. |

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