## INTRODUCTION TO ADVANCED MATHEMATICS, C1 (4751) AS

## Objectives

To build on and develop the techniques students have learnt at GCSE so that they acquire the fluency required for advanced work.

## Assessment

Examination (72 marks)
1 hour 30 minutes.
The examination paper has two sections.
Section A: $\quad 8-10$ questions, each worth no more than 5 marks.
Section Total: 36 marks
Section B: three questions, each worth about 12 marks.
Section Total: 36 marks

## Assumed Knowledge

Candidates are expected to know the content of Intermediate Tier GCSE.

## Subject Criteria

The Units $C 1$ and $C 2$ are required for Advanced Subsidiary GCE Mathematics in order to ensure coverage of the subject criteria.

The Units $C 1, C 2, C 3$ and $C 4$ are required for Advanced GCE Mathematics in order to ensure coverage of the subject criteria.

## Calculators

## No calculator is allowed in the examination for this module.

In the MEI Structured Mathematics specification, graphical calculators are allowed in the examinations for all units except $C 1$.

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| INTRODUCTION TO ADVANCED MATHEMATICS, C1 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specification | Ref. | Competence Statements |

Competence statements marked with an asterisk * are assumed knowledge and will not form the basis of any examination questions. These statements are included for clarity and completeness.

## MATHEMATICAL PROCESSES

## Proof

The construction and presentation of mathematical arguments through appropriate use of logical deduction and precise statements involving correct use of symbols and appropriate connecting language pervade the whole of mathematics at this level. These skills, and the Competence Statements below, are requirements of all the modules in these specifications.

| Mathematical |
| :--- |
| argument | C1p1 | Understand and be able to use mathematical language, grammar and |
| :--- |
| notation with precision. |

2 Be able to construct and present a mathematical argument.

## Modelling

Modelling pervades much of mathematics at this level and a basic understanding of the processes involved will be assumed in all modules

## The Modelling Cycle

The modelling C1p3 Be able to recognise the essential elements in a modelling cycle.
cycle.

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|  | ALGEBRA |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| The basic language <br> of algebra. | C1a1 | Know and be able to use vocabulary and notation appropriate to the subject at this <br> level. |
| Solution of <br> equations. | 2 | *Be able to solve linear equations in one unknown. |

4 Know how to solve an equation graphically.
5 Be able to solve quadratic equations.

6 Be able to find the discriminant of a quadratic function and understand its significance.

7 Know how to use the method of completing the square to find the line of symmetry and turning point of the graph of a quadratic function.

|  | 8 | * Be able to solve linear simultaneous equations in two unknowns. |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| 9 | Be able to solve simultaneous equations in two unknowns where one equation is <br> linear and one is of 2nd order. |  |
| 10 | Know the significance of points of intersection of two graphs with relation to the <br> solution of simultaneous equations. |  |
| Inequalities. | 11 | Be able to solve linear inequalities. |
| 12 | Be able to solve quadratic inequalities. |  |
| Surds. | 13 | Be able to use and manipulate surds. |
| Indices. | 14 | Be able to rationalise the denominator of a surd. |
|  | 16 | Understand and be able to use the laws of indices for all rational exponents. |

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## CO-ORDINATE GEOMETRY

| The co-ordinate <br> geometry of <br> straight lines. | Clg 1 | *Know the equation $y=m x+c$. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Know how to specify a point in Cartesian co-ordinates in two dimensions. |  |
| 3 | Know the relationship between the gradients of parallel lines and perpendicular <br> lines. |  |
| 4 | * Be able to calculate the distance between two points. |  |
| 5 | * Be able to find the co-ordinates of the midpoint of a line segment joining two |  |
| points. |  |  |


|  | 7 | Be able to draw a line when given its equation. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8 | Be able to find the point of intersection of two lines. |
| The co-ordinate geometry of curves. | 9 | * Know how to plot a curve given its equation. |
|  | 10 | Know how to find the point of intersection of a line and a curve. |
|  | 11 | Know how the find the point(s) of intersection of two curves. |
|  | 12 | Understand that the equation of a circle, centre $(0,0)$, radius $r$ is $x^{2}+y^{2}=r^{2}$ |
|  | 13 | Understand that $(x-a)^{2}+(y-b)^{2}=r^{2}$ is the equation of a circle with centre $(a, b)$ and radius $r$. |
|  | 14 | Know that: <br> - the angle in a semicircle is a right angle; <br> - the perpendicular from the centre of a circle to a chord bisects the chord; <br> - the tangent to a circle at a point is perpendicular to the radius through that point. |

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## POLYNOMIALS

| Basic operations on <br> polynomials. | C1f1 | Know how to add, subtract, multiply and divide polynomials. |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| The factor theorem. | 2 | Understand the factor theorem and know how to use it to factorise a polynomial. |
|  | 3 | Know how to use the factor theorem to solve a polynomial equation. |
|  | 4 | Know how to use the factor theorem to find an unknown coefficient. |


| The remainder <br> theorem. | 5 | Understand the remainder theorem and know how to use it. |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Graphs. | 6 | Know how to sketch the graphs of polynomial functions. |
| Binomial <br> expansions. | 7 | Know how to use Pascal's triangle in the binomial expansion of $(a+x)^{n}$ where $n$ <br> is a positive integer. |
| 8 | Know the notations ${ }^{n} C_{r}$ and $\binom{n}{r}$, and their relationship to Pascal's triangle. |  |

9 Know how to use ${ }^{n} C_{r}$ in the binomial expansion of $(a+b)^{n}$ where $n$ is a positive integer.

|  | CURVE SKETCHING |
| :--- | :--- |
| Vocabulary. | C1C1 |


| Quadratic curves. | 2 | Know how to sketch a quadratic curve with its equation in completed square form. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Polynomial curves. | 3 | Know how to sketch the curve of a polynomial in factorised form. |
| Transformations. | 4 | Know how to sketch curves of the forms $y=\mathrm{f}(x)+a$ and $y=\mathrm{f}(x-b)$, given <br> the curve of $y=\mathrm{f}(x)$. |

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