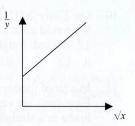


$$A \quad y^{2} = \frac{1}{x - 1} \qquad B \quad y^{2} = \frac{1}{x^{2} + 1} \qquad C \quad y^{2} = x - 1$$

$$D \quad y^{2} = \frac{1}{x - 2\sqrt{x} + 1} \qquad E \quad y^{2} = \frac{1}{x + 2\sqrt{x} + 1}$$



20. All six vertices of hexagon 
$$UVWXYZ$$
 lie on the circumference of a circle;  $\angle ZUV = 88^{\circ}$  and  $\angle XYZ = 158^{\circ}$ . What is the size of  $\angle VWX$ ?

$$C$$
 120

B 114° 
$$C$$
 120°  $D$  132°  $E$  it is impossible to determine

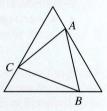
$$A = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$B = \frac{7}{16}$$

$$C \frac{1}{2}$$

$$A \frac{3}{8} \qquad B \frac{7}{16} \qquad C \frac{1}{2} \qquad D \frac{9}{16} \qquad E \frac{5}{8}$$

$$E = \frac{5}{8}$$



22. Given an unlimited supply of 50p, £1 and £2 coins, in how many different ways is it possible to make a sum of £100?

23. The cube, XYZTABCD, is cut into four pieces by cutting along two planes, BCTX and BDTY. What fraction of the volume of the cube is occupied by the piece containing corner A?

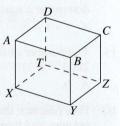
$$A = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$B = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$C \frac{3}{10}$$

$$A \frac{3}{8}$$
  $B \frac{1}{3}$   $C \frac{3}{10}$   $D \frac{5}{18}$   $E \frac{1}{4}$ 

$$E \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$$



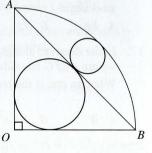
24. AOB is an isosceles right-angled triangle drawn in a quadrant of a circle of radius 1 unit. The largest possible circle is drawn in the minor segment cut off by the line AB. This circle has radius r. The radius of the inscribed circle of the triangle AOB is

R. What is the value of 
$$\frac{R}{r}$$
?

$$\begin{array}{ccc} B & 2\sqrt{2} - 1 \\ \frac{9}{5} & E \end{array}$$

$$C \sqrt{2} + 1$$

$$\sqrt{3}$$



25. How many pairs of positive integers (x, y) are solutions of the equation

$$\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{y} = \frac{3}{19}?$$

$$A = 0$$

$$B = 1$$

$$C_2$$

$$D_{3}$$



### UK SENIOR MATHEMATICAL CHALLENGE

## **Tuesday 11 November 2003**

# Organised by the United Kingdom Mathematics Trust

and supported by



#### The Actuarial Profession

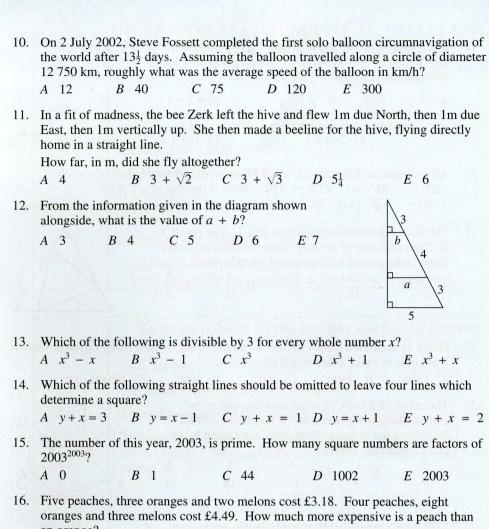
making financial sense of the future

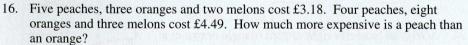
## **RULES AND GUIDELINES** (to be read before starting)

- 1. Do not open the question paper until the invigilator tells you to do so.
- 2. Detach the Answer Sheet (back page) and fill in your personal details before you open the question paper and begin. Once you have begun, record all your answers on the Answer Sheet.
- 3. Time allowed: 90 minutes. No answers or personal details may be entered on the Answer Sheet after the 90 minutes are over.
- 4. The use of rough paper is allowed. Calculators, measuring instruments and squared paper are forbidden.
- 5. Candidates must be full-time students at secondary school or FE college, and must be in Year 13 or below (England & Wales); S6 or below (Scotland); Year 14 or below (Northern Ireland).
- 6. There are twenty-five questions. Each question is followed by five options marked A, B, C, D, E. Only one of these is correct. Enter the letter A-E corresponding to the correct answer in the corresponding box on the Answer Sheet.
- 7. **Scoring rules**: all candidates start out with 25 marks;
  - 0 marks are awarded for each question left unanswered:
  - 4 marks are awarded for each correct answer:
  - 1 mark is deducted for each incorrect answer.
- 8. Guessing: Remember that there is a penalty for wrong answers. Note also that later questions are deliberately intended to be harder than earlier questions. You are thus advised to concentrate first on solving as many as possible of the first 15-20 questions. Only then should you try later questions.

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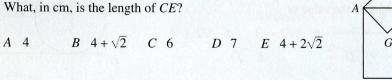
1.	If you kept coun following years			from 2003, at w	hich of the
	A 1505	B 1605	C 1705	D 1805	E 1905
2.	Triangle <i>PQU</i> h points <i>R</i> , <i>S</i> and 2 quarters. Which about the areas of <i>PST</i> , <i>PTU</i> is true	T divide the side of the following of the triangles.	e QU into ag statements	P	$Q \\ R \\ S \\ T \\ U$
	A All have the	same area $B$ $D \triangle PST$ is bi		t $C \triangle PRS$ is $\triangle PTU$ is bigge	
3.	If $a \oplus b = \sqrt{ab}$	$\frac{1}{b+4}$ then wh:	at is the value of	(2 ± 6) ± 82	
	A = 6	B = 8	C 10	$\begin{array}{c} D & 12 \end{array}$	E 18
4.	but shorter than	Susan. Who is	the tallest of the	se five girls?	s taller than Sarah,
	A Susan	B Sophie	C Sandra	D Stephanie	E Sarah
	1519. Each ride the sum of £50, administration c	er pays a fee of a but the second post of 25p per r	£4.25 to enter the prize is the total ider. In 2000, 13	of the entry fees 8 riders competed	prize in the race is minus an
6.	The engineering a complicated sy factory. Compoin the directions	ystem of convey onents must traves shown by the a	or belts in its el along these bearrows.	elts D	$E \longrightarrow F$
				F along the conv	
	A 4	B 5	C 6	D 7	E 8
7.	weighs about 2. diameter 11mm	7kg. Roughly w, weigh?	hat would a 50n	n rope of the sam	9mm in diameter e material, but of
	A 2.7kg	B 3.3kg	C 4kg	D 4.9kg	E 6kg
8.	of the smaller no	umber to the lar	ger number?		. What is the ratio
	A 3:8	B 1:2	C 5:7	D 1:4	E 3:5
9.	Mary received a them both salari earn than Mary	ies of £23 100 p	er year. How m	uch more, per ye	rise. This gave ar, did Margaret
	A £1155	B £1000	C £850	D £760	E £550

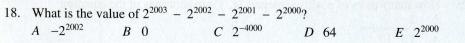




C 6p E more information needed A 8p B 7p D 5p

17. In the diagram alongside, square ABCD has side 4cm, and square AEFG has side 2cm.





D

C