| Centre No. | | | | | | | Pape | er Refer | ence | | | Surname | Initial(s) |
|------------------|--|------|--------------|-----|---|---|------|----------|------|---|---|-----------|------------|
| Candidate No. | | | | | 5 | 5 | 2 | 5 | / | 0 | 6 | Signature | |
| | | Pape | r Reference(| (c) | | | | | | | | | |

5525/06 Edexcel GCSE Mathematics A – 1387



| Exam | iner's us | e only |
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Paper 6 (Calculator)

Higher Tier

Friday 9 November 2007 – Morning



Materials required for examination

Time: 2 hours

Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used. Items included with question papers

Nil

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initials and signature. Check that you have the correct question paper.

Answer ALL the questions in the spaces provided in this question paper.

You must NOT write on the formulae page. Anything you write on the formulae page will gain NO credit.

If you need more space to complete your answer to any question, use additional answer sheets.

Information for Candidates

The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. (2). There are 25 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 100. There are 24 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.

Calculators may be used.

If your calculator does not have a π button, take the value of π to be 3.142 unless the question instructs otherwise.

Advice to Candidates

Show all stages in any calculations.

Work steadily through the paper. Do not spend too long on one question. If you cannot answer a question, leave it and attempt the next one. Return at the end to those you have left out.

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Turn over

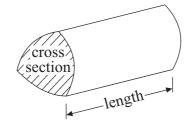
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GCSE Mathematics 1387/8

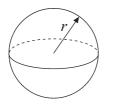
Formulae: Higher Tier

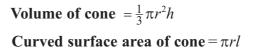
You must not write on this formulae page. Anything you write on this formulae page will gain NO credit.

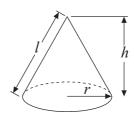
Volume of a prism = area of cross section × length



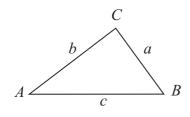
Volume of sphere $=\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ Surface area of sphere $=4\pi r^2$







In any triangle ABC



Sine Rule $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine Rule $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

Area of triangle $=\frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$

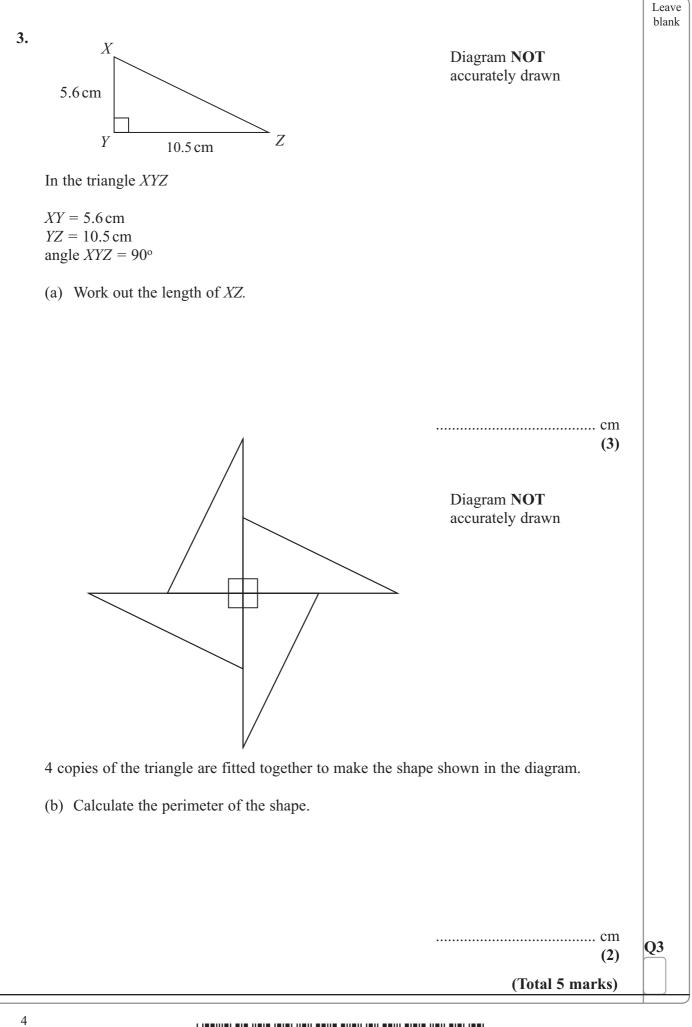
The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ where $a \neq 0$, are given by

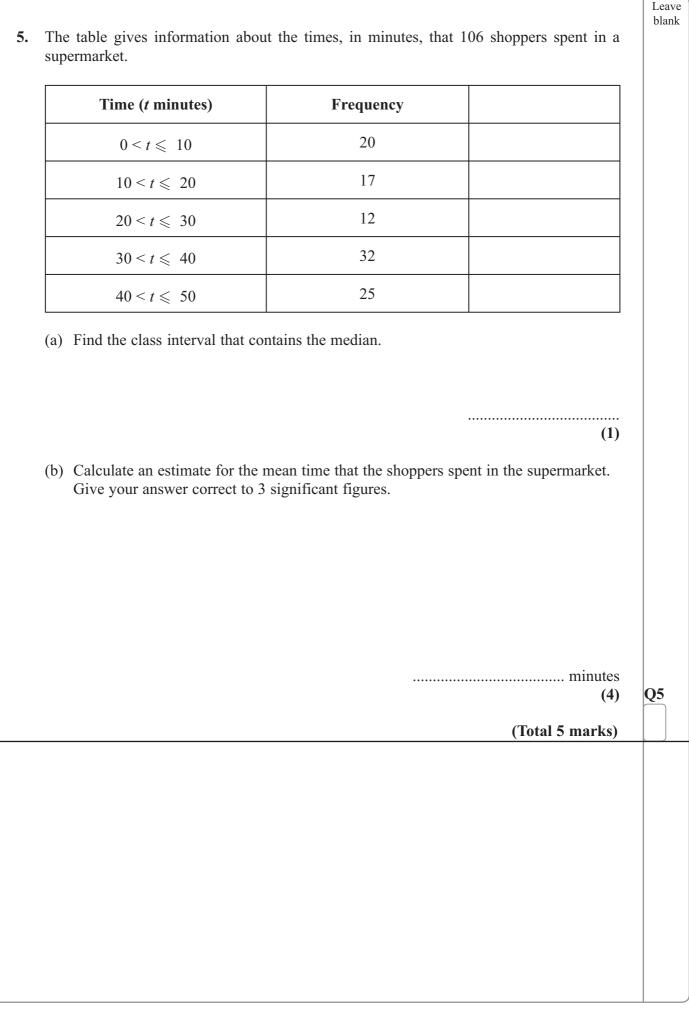
$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$



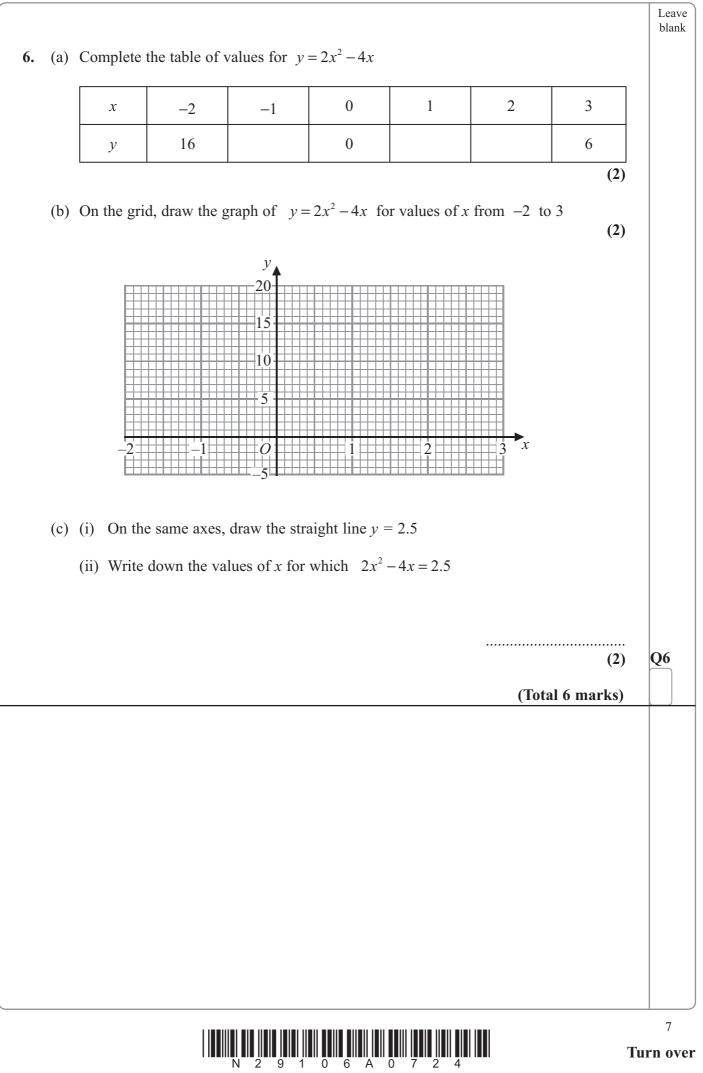
| | Answer ALL TWENTY FIVE questions. | Leave blank |
|----|--|----------------|
| | Write your answers in the spaces provided. | |
| | You must write down all stages in your working. | |
| | | |
| 1. | In April 2004, the population of the European Community was 376 million. | |
| | In April 2005, the population of the European Community was 451 million. | |
| | Work out the percentage increase in population. Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place. | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | Q1 |
| | (Total 3 marks) | |
| 2. | The equation | |
| | $x^3 - 5x = 60$ | |
| | has a solution between 4 and 5. Use a trial and improvement method to find this solution. | |
| | Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place. You must show all your working. | |
| | Tou must show an your working. | |
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| | | Q2 |
| | (Total 4 marks) | |
| | | 3 |
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|---|---------------------------|------------------------|
| 4. | | Leave blank |
| | n NOT | |
| | m NOT ely drawn | |
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| | | |
| ← 10 cm → | | |
| The diagram shows a semicircle. | | |
| The radius of the semicircle is 10 cm. | | |
| Calculate the area of the semicircle. | | |
| Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures. State the units of your answer. | | |
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| | | Q4 |
| | (Total 3 marks) | |
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N 2 9 1 0 6 A 0 6 2 4



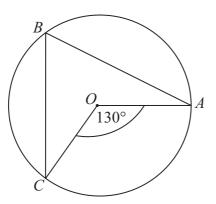
| 7. On July 1st 2004, Jack invested £2000 at 5% per annum compound interest. | Leave blank |
|---|----------------|
| Work out the value of Jack's investment on July 1st 2006 | |
| | |
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| | |
| | |
| £ | |
| (Total 3 ma | urks) |
| 8. Write 720 as a product of its prime factors. | |
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| | Q8 |
| (Total 2 ma | |
| 9. Simplify (a) $p^7 \times p^9$ | |
| $p \land p$ | |
| | (1) |
| Simplify (b) $\frac{q^{12} \times q^4}{q^6}$ | |
| | |
| ······································ | (1) Q9 |
| (Total 2 ma | urks) |
| | |

| | al prices are reduced by 25%. of a saw is £12.75 | | Lea bla |
|------------------|---|-----------------|------------|
| Calculate the n | ormal price of the saw. | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | £ | Q1 |
| | | (Total 3 marks) | |
| 11. Work out | $\frac{2 \times 2.2 \times 10^{12} \times 1.5 \times 10^{12}}{2.2 \times 10^{12} - 1.5 \times 10^{12}}$ | | |
| Give your answ | ver in standard form correct to 3 signification | at figures | |
| Give your answ | ver mistandard form concet to 5 significan | n ngures. | |
| | | | |
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| | | | |
| | | | Q1 |
| | | | Q1 |
| 12. Solve | | (Total 3 marks) | Q1 |
| 12. Solve | 3x + y = 8 $4x + 2y = 9$ | (Total 3 marks) | Q1 |
| 12. Solve | 3x + y = 8 $4x + 2y = 9$ | (Total 3 marks) | Q1 |
| 12. Solve | | (Total 3 marks) | Q1 |
| 12. Solve | | (Total 3 marks) | Q1 |
| 12. Solve | | (Total 3 marks) | Q1 |
| 12. Solve | | | Q1 |
| 12. Solve | | | Q1 |



0

Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



(a) In the diagram, *O* is the centre of the circle. *A*, *B* and *C* are points on the circle.

Angle $COA = 130^{\circ}$.

13.

(i) Find the size of angle *CBA*.

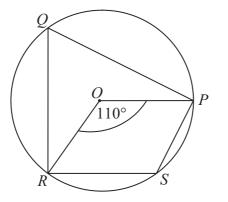
(ii) Give a reason for your answer.

(2)



Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Leave blank



(b) In the diagram, *O* is the centre of the circle. *P*, *Q*, *R* and *S* are points on the circle.

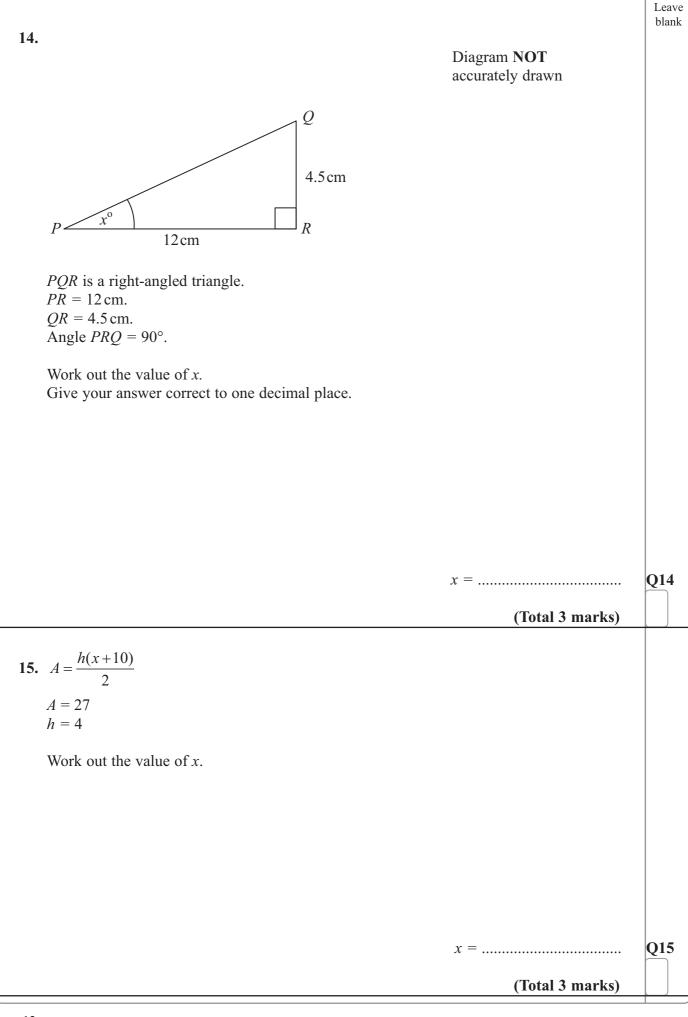
Angle $ROP = 110^{\circ}$

Calculate the size of angle RSP.

° (2) Q13

(Total 4 marks)





N 2 9 1 0 6 A 0 1 2 2 4

16.

| Month | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|
| Number of Televisions | 1240 | 1270 | 1330 | 1300 | 1330 | x |
| he table sho | ows the num | ber of telev | isions sold i | n a shop in | the first fiv | e months of |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 006. | the first 3-n | nonth moving | g average for | the informat | tion in the ta | ble. |
| 006. | the first 3-n | nonth moving | g average for | the informat | tion in the ta | ble. |
| 006. | the first 3-n | nonth moving | g average for | the informat | tion in the ta | ble. |
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| 006. | the first 3-n | nonth moving | g average for | the informat | tion in the ta | |
| 006. | the first 3-n | nonth moving | g average for | the informat | tion in the ta | ble. (2) |
| 006. a) Work out `he fourth 3-1 | month movii | ng average of | f the number | of television | | (2) |
| 006. a) Work out The fourth 3-1 | month movii | | f the number | of television | | (2) |



Q16

(2)

x =

(Total 4 marks)

Leave blank 17. Julie has 100 music CDs. 58 of the CDs are classical. 22 of the CDs are folk. The rest of the CDs are jazz. On Saturday, Julie chooses one CD at random from the 100 CDs. On Sunday, Julie chooses one CD at random from the 100 CDs. (a) Complete the probability tree diagram. (2) **Saturday** Sunday Classical Folk Classical Jazz 0.58 Classical 0.22 Folk Folk Jazz Classical Jazz Folk Jazz (b) Calculate the probability that Julie will choose a jazz CD on both Saturday and Sunday. (2) (c) Calculate the probability that Julie will choose at least one jazz CD on Saturday and Sunday. Q17 (3) (Total 7 marks)

| 18. <i>f</i> is inversely proportional to <i>d</i> . When <i>d</i> = 50, <i>f</i> = 256 Find the value of <i>f</i> when <i>d</i> = 80 <i>f</i> = | | Leave blank |
|--|---|----------------|
| Find the value of f when $d = 80$ $f = \dots $ Q18 | 18. f is inversely proportional to d . | |
| f = Q18 | When $d = 50, f = 256$ | |
| | Find the value of f when $d = 80$ | |
| | | |
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| (Total 3 marks) | $f = \dots$ | Q18 |
| | (Total 3 marks) | |
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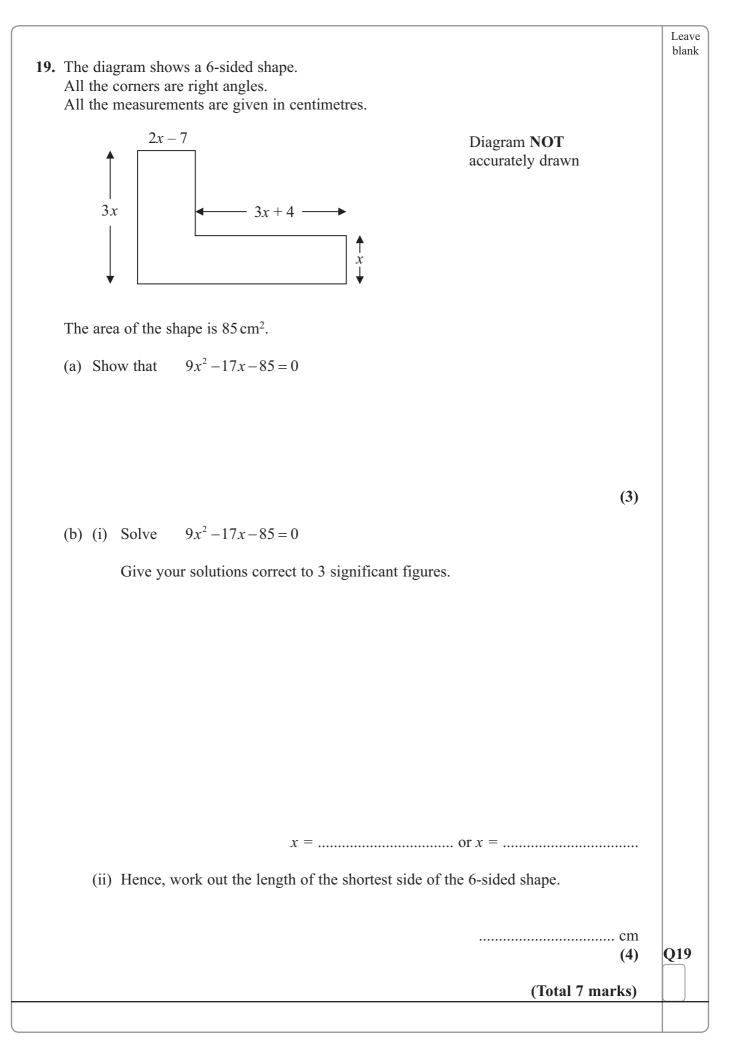
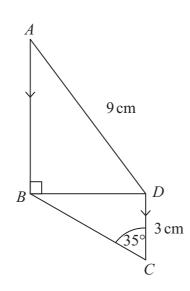




Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



AB is parallel to *DC*.

20.

AD = 9 cm, DC = 3 cm.

Angle $BCD = 35^{\circ}$.

Angle $ABD = 90^{\circ}$.

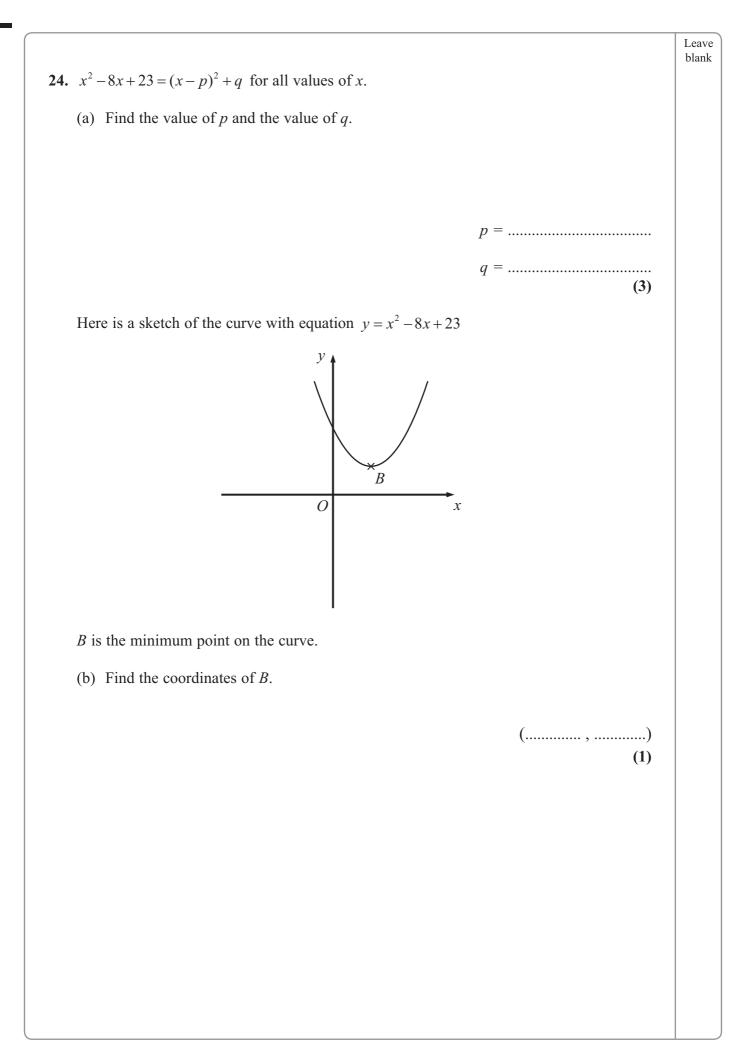
Calculate the size of angle *BAD*. Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

| Q20 | ٥ |
|-----|-----------------|
| | (Total 4 marks) |
| | |
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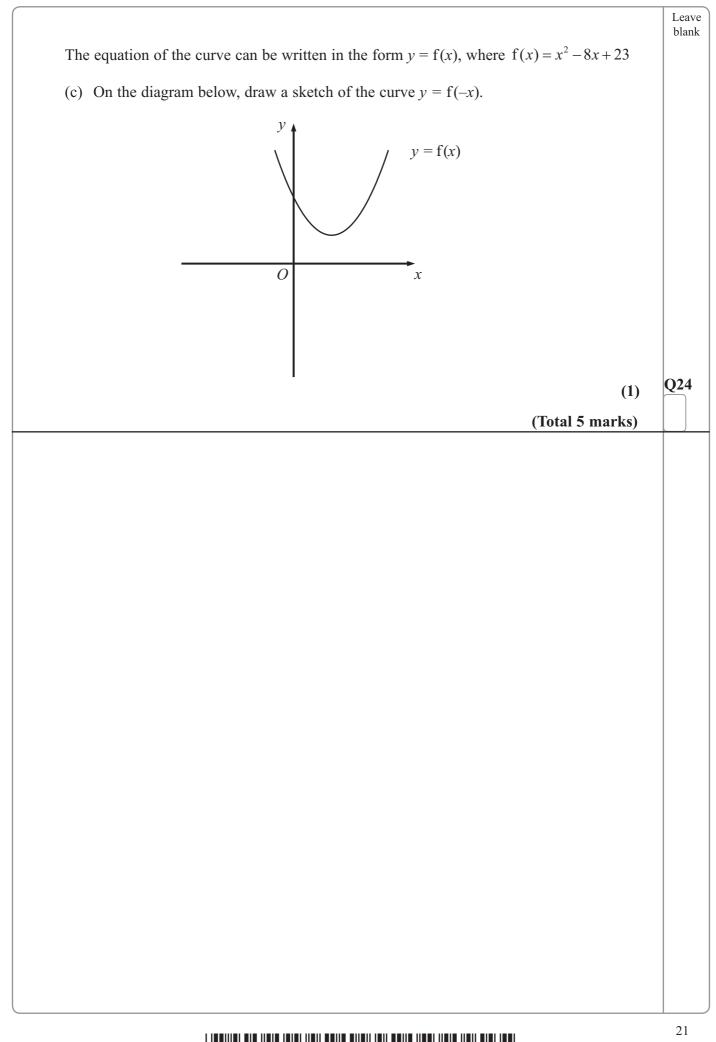


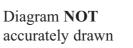
| 21. The diagram shows an equilateral triangle. | | Leave blank |
|--|---------------------------------|----------------|
| x cm $x cm$ $x cm$ $x cm$ The area of the equilateral triangle is 36 cm ² . Find the value of <i>x</i> . Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures. | Diagram NOT accurately drawn | |
| | | 021 |
| | x = | Q21 |
| 22. (a) Simplify $(2x^4y^5)^3$ | | |
| | (2) | |
| | | |

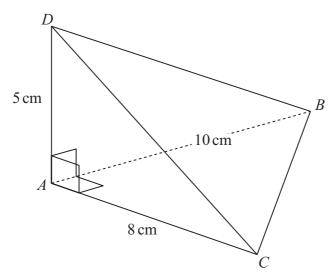
| | Leave |
|--|---------------------|
| $y = \frac{2pt}{p-t}$ | |
| (b) Rearrange the formula to make <i>t</i> the subject. | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| $t = \dots $ (4) | Q22 |
| (Total 6 marks) | |
| 23. The mass <i>M</i> grams of a cube with edges of length <i>L</i> cm and density <i>D</i> grams per cm ³ is given by the formula | |
| $M = DL^3$ | |
| D = 8 correct to 1 significant figure. L = 6.4 correct to 1 decimal place. | |
| Calculate the upper bound of <i>M</i> . Give your answer correct to 2 significant figures. | |
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| | Q23 |
| (Total 3 marks) | |
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The diagram shows a tetrahedron. AD is perpendicular to both AB and AC. AB = 10 cm. AC = 8 cm. AD = 5 cm. Angle $BAC = 90^{\circ}$.

Calculate the size of angle *BDC*. Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

| Q25 | ٥ |
|-----|----------------------------|
| | (Total 6 marks) |
| | TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100 MARKS |
| | END |
| | |

25.