

| No  | Working                                | Answer                          | Mark | Notes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-----|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1   |                                        |                                 |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| (a) | $x^2 - 4x + 7x - 28$                   | $x^2 + 3x - 28$                 | 2    | M1 for 4 terms correct ignoring signs (e.g $x^2, 4x, 7x, 28$ ) or 3 terms with correct signs (e.g $x^2, -4x, 7x, -28$ )<br>A1 cao<br>B2 cao                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| (b) |                                        | $y^4 + 2y^2$                    | 2    | B1 for $y^4$ or $2y^2$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| (c) |                                        | $p(p+6)$                        | 2    | B2 for $p(p+6)$ or $p \times (p+6)$<br>(B1 for $p(ap+b)$ where $a, b$ are numbers or $p+6$ seen on it's own, or part of an expression)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| (d) |                                        | $3x(2x - 3y)$                   | 2    | B2 (B1 for $3(2x^2 - 3xy)$ or $x(6x - 9y)$ or $3x(\dots)$ )                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 2   |                                        | question + response<br>boxes oe | 2    | 1 <sup>st</sup> aspect: One question with time period (eg each night); ignore other questions.<br>2 <sup>nd</sup> aspect: Response list (at least two), not overlapping.*<br>3 <sup>rd</sup> aspect: Some mention of units (eg hours) in either question or responses<br>Award B2 for all three aspects, or B1 for just two aspects.<br>* 0-1, 2-3, 4-5 is OK, but 0-1, 1-2, 2-3 is not OK. |
| 3   |                                        | reflection in $y = x$           | 2    | B2 cao accept the word "reflected"<br>(B1 any statement including the word "reflection")                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 4   |                                        |                                 |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| (a) | $5 - 3x = 2x + 2$<br>$5 - 2 = 2x + 3x$ | $\frac{3}{5}$                   | 3    | B1 for $2x + 2$ seen OR $2.5 - 1.5x = x + 1$<br>M1 for correct rearrangement of 4 terms<br>A1 for $\frac{3}{5}$ oe                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| (b) |                                        | $-3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2$           | 2    | B2 (B1 for 5 correct and not more than one incorrect integers)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

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| 5  | (a) $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{6}{12}$<br>(b) $1 + 2 + \frac{8}{12} + \frac{9}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{2}$<br>$4\frac{5}{12}$     | 2<br>2      | M1 for $\frac{6}{12}$ or $\frac{3}{6}$ or $\frac{2 \times 3}{3 \times 4}$<br>A1 accept 0.5<br>M1 for attempt to convert to fractions with common denominator e.g two fractions, denominator of 12<br>A1 correct conversion : $\frac{8}{12}$ and $\frac{9}{12}$ ,<br>or $\frac{20}{12}$ and $\frac{33}{12}$ seen (oe)<br>A1 cao for $4\frac{5}{12}$<br>OR<br>attempts to convert to decimals: must use at least 2dp<br>M1 0.66+0.75 (or 1.66+2.75) or 0.67+0.75 etc<br>A1 4.41, 4.417, 4.416 or 0.41, 0.417, 0.416 or 0.42, 4.42<br>A1 4.416 ( <i>recurring</i> ) |
| 6  | (a)(i)<br>(ii)<br>(b) $x + y = 10$ and $x - y = 4$                                               | $5^6$<br>$5^3$<br>$x = 7$<br>$y = 3$ | 1<br>1<br>3 | B1 accept 15625, $5^{4+2}$<br>B1 accept 125, $5^{9-6}$<br>M1 for either $x + y = 10$ or $x - y = 4$<br>A2 for both values correct [(A1 for one value correct)<br>If M0, award B3 for both values correct or B2 for one value correct, otherwise B0]<br>SC B2 for $x = 3$ or $y = 7$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

| No             | Working                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Answer                                                                                    | Mark           | Notes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                |                                              |   |                                                                                                                 |
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| 7              | $2 \times \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 8$ or 48<br>$8 \times 9 + 6 \times 9 + 10 \times 9$<br>or $72 + 54 + 90$                                                                                                              | 264<br>cm <sup>2</sup>                                                                    | 4              | M1 attempt to find the area of one face;<br>$\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 8$ or $(8 \times 9)$ or $(10 \times 9)$ or 72 or 54 or 90 or 24 or 48<br>M1 all five faces with an intention to add<br>A1 cao numerical answer of 264<br>B1 (indep) cm <sup>2</sup> with or without numerical answer |                |                                              |   |                                                                                                                 |
| 8              | <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td><math>\sqrt{\quad}</math></td> <td><math>\sqrt{\quad}</math></td> <td><math>\sqrt{\quad}</math></td> <td><math>\sqrt{\quad}</math></td> </tr> </table> | $\sqrt{\quad}$                                                                            | $\sqrt{\quad}$ | $\sqrt{\quad}$                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | $\sqrt{\quad}$ | $\frac{\pi ab^3}{3d}$ $3(c+d)^3$ $3\pi bc^2$ | 3 | B3 (B1 for each one correct)<br>Nb –B1 for each of the 4 <sup>th</sup> , 5 <sup>th</sup> , 6 <sup>th</sup> tick |
| $\sqrt{\quad}$ | $\sqrt{\quad}$                                                                                                                                                                                                              | $\sqrt{\quad}$                                                                            | $\sqrt{\quad}$ |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                |                                              |   |                                                                                                                 |
| 9              | (a) $x + 0.3 + 0.2 + x = 1$<br>(b) $0.3 \times 200$                                                                                                                                                                         | 0.25<br><br>60                                                                            | 2<br><br>2     | M1 for $x + 0.3 + 0.2 + x = 1$ oe, or $0.5 \div 2$<br>A1 oe<br>M1 $0.3 \times 200$<br>A1 cao Accept 60 out of 200 (in words)<br>SC B1 for $\frac{60}{200}$                                                                                                                                    |                |                                              |   |                                                                                                                 |
| 10             | (a)<br>(b)                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | $(-12) - 4 - 2$ $(0) 8$<br>5 points plotted accurately<br>points joined with smooth curve | 3<br>2         | B3 for all correct [(B1 for each one correct)<br>B1 $\pm 1$ full (2mm) square ft table if at least B1 awarded (all 5 points plotted)<br>B1 ft for any smooth curve if previous B1 gained<br>NB: curve must pass within 1 full square of the points                                            |                |                                              |   |                                                                                                                 |
| 11             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | $m=3$<br>$n=5$                                                                            | 2              | B1 for 3<br>B1 for 5<br>(B2 for $2^3 \times 5$ or $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5$ )<br>SC: award B1 only if $m=3, n=3$ , for $8 \times 5$ seen                                                                                                                                                 |                |                                              |   |                                                                                                                 |

| No     | Working                                                                                                   | Answer                                                                                     | Mark | Notes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
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| 12     | $\frac{5 - -1}{-1 - 2} = -2$                                                                              | $y = -2x + 5$                                                                              | 4    | M1 for clear attempt to find gradient eg fraction with -1,5 in numerator, 2,-1 in denominator<br>A1 for -2 cao<br>B2 ft for $y = "-2"x + 5$ oe (eg $y = \frac{-6}{3}x + 5$ )<br>(B1 for $y = mx + 5$ or, $-2x + 5$ or $y = "-2"x + c$ )<br>B1 cao<br>B1                                   |
| 13 (a) |                                                                                                           | $\frac{1}{4}$ on LH branch<br>$\frac{2}{3}$ & $\frac{1}{3}$ & $\frac{2}{3}$ on RH branches | 2    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| (b)    | $\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{6}{12} + \frac{1}{12}$           | $\frac{7}{12}$                                                                             | 3    | M1 for $\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{2}{3}$ or $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{3}$ from their tree diagram<br>M1 for sum of two products<br>A1 for $\frac{7}{12}$ oe                                                                                                                             |
| (c)    | $n = 21 \times 4$ or $\frac{1}{6} : \frac{1}{4}$ oe<br>$\frac{1}{6} \times 84$ or $21 \times \frac{2}{3}$ | 14                                                                                         | 3    | M1 for either $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{3}{4} \left( = \frac{1}{4} \right)$ or $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{4} \left( = \frac{1}{6} \right)$ from their tree diagram<br>M1 for $21 \times 4 (=84)$ or $\frac{21}{3} \times 2$<br>A1 for 14 cao<br>SC: B2 for 63 seen in fraction or ratio |

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| 14     |                                                                                                         | 150       | 2    | B1 accept 150 or 210                                                                                                                                        |
| (a)(i) |                                                                                                         |           |      | B1 for angle at the centre is twice the angle at the circumference                                                                                          |
| (ii)   |                                                                                                         | 30        | 3    | B1 identifies angle between radius and tangent as $90^\circ$ (may be in working or on diagram)                                                              |
| (b)    | $360 - 90 - 90 = 180$ or $180 - 150$                                                                    |           |      | M1 $360 - 90 - 90 = 150$<br>A1 ft from (a)(i) excluding a negative answer<br>Or<br>B1 for 90                                                                |
|        |                                                                                                         |           |      | M1 for $2 \times (180 - 90 = \frac{150}{2})$                                                                                                                |
|        |                                                                                                         |           |      | A1 ft from (a)(i) excluding a negative answer<br>Or<br>B3 for $180 - (a)$<br>SC: $180 - 210$ can get B1 for $90^\circ$ and/or B1 for "cyclic quadrilateral" |
| 15     |                                                                                                         | 0.2727... | 1    | B1 for 2.27 recurring or 0.2727.... oe or 0.273                                                                                                             |
| (a)    |                                                                                                         |           | 3    | M1 for $100x = 39.39 \dots$<br>M1 dep for subtraction of both sides<br>A1 for $\frac{13}{33}$ from correct proof                                            |
| (b)    | eg $x = 0.3939 \dots$ so $100x = 39.3939 \dots$<br>$99x = 39$<br>so $x = \frac{39}{99} = \frac{13}{33}$ |           |      | <b>Alternative method</b><br>M1 for $13.000 \div 33$<br>M1 for remainders 31 and 13<br>A1 for 0.39 recurring<br>SC: B1 for $\frac{39}{99}$                  |

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| 16     |                                                                                                                                                                                     |            |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| (a)    | $d = kt^2$<br>$80 = k \times 4^2$                                                                                                                                                   | $d = 5t^2$ | 3    | M1 for $d = kt^2$ or $d \propto t^2$<br>M1 sub $d=80$ and $t=4$ into their equation<br>A1 for $d = 5t^2$ oe (cao)<br>B1 ft from (a) using “k”                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| (b)    |                                                                                                                                                                                     | 245        | 1    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| (c)    | $45 = 5t^2$                                                                                                                                                                         | 3          | 2    | M1 ft from (a) for substituting $d=45$ into their equation<br>A1 for 3 cao (condone inclusion of $-3$ )                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 17     |                                                                                                                                                                                     |            |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| (a)(i) |                                                                                                                                                                                     | (0, 9)     | 3    | B1 cao<br>B1 for $x = 8$ cao<br>B1 for $y = 25$ cao<br>SC: B1 for (25, 8)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| (ii)   |                                                                                                                                                                                     | (8, 25)    |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| (b)    | $\text{LHS} = \left( \frac{100 - (x^2 - 16x + 64)}{4} \right)$ $= \left( \frac{36 + 16x - x^2}{4} \right)$ $\text{RHS} = \left( \frac{36 - 2x + 18x - x^2}{4} \right) = \text{LHS}$ |            | 3    | M1 for expansion of either set of brackets with at least 3 of 4 terms correct<br>M1 for common denominator of 4 or multiplying through by 4 or reducing each numerator to a single term<br>A1 for fully correct solution<br><b>Alternative method</b><br>M1 for $\left(5 - \frac{(x-8)}{2}\right)\left(5 + \frac{(x-8)}{2}\right)$<br>M1 for $\left(\frac{2 \times 5 - (x-8)}{2}\right)\left(\frac{2 \times 5 + (x-8)}{2}\right)$<br>A1 for $\frac{(18-x)(x+2)}{4}$ |

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| 18     |                                                                                     |                  |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| (a)    | $\frac{810\pi}{90\pi}$ or 9<br>$\sqrt{9}$ or 3                                      | 12               | 3    | M1 for $\frac{810\pi}{90\pi}$ or 9 or $\frac{1}{9}$ or 1:9 oe<br>M1 for $\sqrt{\frac{810\pi}{90\pi}}$ or $\sqrt{9}$ or 3 or $\frac{1}{3}$ or $\sqrt{9} : \sqrt{1}$ oe<br>A1 cao<br>SC:B1 for answer of 36<br>M1 for ${}^n3^{n^3}$ or 27 or $(\sqrt{9})^3 : (\sqrt{81})^3$ oe or $9^3$ or 2700—<br>A1 cao |
| (b)    | $3^3$ or 27 or 2700                                                                 | 2700 $\pi$       | 2    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| 19     |                                                                                     |                  |      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| (a)(i) |                                                                                     | 1                | 1    | B1 cao                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| (ii)   |                                                                                     | 8                | 1    | B1 cao                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| (iii)  | $64^{-\frac{2}{3}} = \frac{1}{64^{\frac{2}{3}}} = (4^2)^{-1}$<br>$64^{\frac{2}{3}}$ | $\frac{1}{16}$   | 2    | M1 for knowing negative power is a reciprocal or power of $\frac{1}{3}$<br>root is a cube root<br>A1 cao for $\frac{1}{16}$                                                                                                                                                                              |
| (b)    | $\sqrt{27} = \sqrt{9 \times 3}$ or $\sqrt{27} = 3\sqrt{3}$ or $\sqrt{27} = 3^{3/2}$ | $\frac{5}{2}$ oe | 2    | M1 for $\sqrt{27} = \sqrt{9 \times 3}$ or $\sqrt{27} = 3^{3/2}$<br>A1 for $\frac{5}{2}$ oe (cao)<br><b>Alternative method</b><br>M1 for $9 \times 27 = 3^{2n}$<br>A1 for $\frac{5}{2}$ oe (cao)                                                                                                          |

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| 20 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | (90, 1)<br>(180, 0)<br>(45, 0)<br>(90, -3)                | 2    | B1 cao could be indicated on diagram<br>B1 cao could be indicated on diagram<br>B1 cao could be indicated on diagram<br>B1 cao could be indicated on diagram                                                                                  |
| 21 | $\frac{1}{3}\pi x^2 h = \frac{4}{3}\pi(2x)^3$<br>$x^2 h = 4 \times 8x^3$                                                                                                                                                                                   | 32x                                                       | 3    | M1 for substitution in correct formulae<br>M1 (dep.) for correct unsimplified expression eg<br>$h = \frac{\frac{4}{3}\pi(2x)^3}{\frac{1}{3}\pi x^2}$ oe or $h = 8x$ oe<br>A1 for 32x cao                                                      |
| 22 | (a) $(\overline{OM} =) a + 2b$ $(\overline{ON} =) 3a$ or $\frac{6}{2}a$<br>$(\overline{MN} =) -a - 2b + 3a$<br>(b) $(\overline{OX} =) 2a + b$ $(\overline{OY} =) b + 4a$<br>$(\frac{1}{2}\overline{QR} =) 2a - b$ or $(\frac{1}{2}\overline{RQ} =) b - 2a$ | $2a - 2b$<br><br>$\overline{XY} = 2a$<br>(hence parallel) | 2    | B2<br>(B1 for either $\overline{OM}$ or $\overline{ON}$ or $-a - 2b + 3a$<br>SC: B1 for $2b - 2a$<br>B1 for either $\overline{OX}$ or $\overline{OY}$ or $(\frac{1}{2}\overline{QR})$<br>B1 for $\overline{XY} = 2a$ or $\overline{YX} = -2a$ |